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# **Important Company Financial Data**

Current Stock Price: 24.13 52-Week Range: 11.20-26.29

Market Cap: 8.17B

EPS: -1.32 Beta: 1.47

	48 weeks ending 2/2/2012	53 weeks ending 3/3/2012	52 weeks ending 2/26/2011	52 weeks ending 2/27/2010
Revenue	45,085.00M	50,705.00M	49,747.00M	49,243.00M
Gross Profit	10,650.00M	12,592.00M	12,550.00M	12,042.00M
Operating Income	-125.00M	1,085.00M	2,374.00M	2,368.00M
Diluted Normalized EPS	1.14	-0.64	3.68	3.36

#### **Thesis**

Upon consulting with various analysts who cover Best Buy, it is extremely interesting just how deviating their opinions are. Consider that the price targets vary from 9.00 to 36.00 and recommendations range from strong sell to strong buy. Regardless, I recommend initiating a short position in Best Buy because of their high levels and wide variety of competition, current unjustified investor optimism, lack of product demand in the pipeline, decline in sales in several key categories, huge susceptibility to online competition, and inability to drive down costs while maintaining sales. I recommend a long-term short position, as according to Steve Cuolombe, Senior Managing Director at FTI Consulting, Best Buy will not last more than three years.

#### **Key Points**

- Best Buy has reported a decline in financial performance and key financial fundamentals over the past few years. Fundamentals are moving in the wrong way in comparative years. Consider the negative operating income recorded in the last year. This contrasts with the huge jump in stock price, currently trading close to its 52-week high. Also, consider that after Circuit City filed for bankruptcy, most of their sales migrated to players other than Best Buy, whose top line remained roughly the same.
- Best Buy faces incredibly intense and diverse competition. It faces agnostic demand, meaning that its sells products that can easily be sold by many other competitors. Two of the only factors keeping Best Buy competitive are its relationships with many brands and market presence, according to an analyst at Janney Montgomery Scott. According to Scott Tilghman, Senior Analyst of Consumer Hardliners at B. Riley & Co., Best Buy's competitors are "literally everyone." By this he mains that a consumer can buy the products that Best Buy sells at mall boutiques consumer electronics retailers, including vendors who offer their products direct to the consumer, internet-based businesses, wholesale clubs, discount chains and home-improvement superstores.
- An analyst I have spoken to at a major Swiss bank (who wishes to remain anonymous) believes that the significant rise in share price is related directly to investors "warming up to the story" of new management and potentially game-changing ideas. However, neither he nor I believe that this "warming up" corresponds to a real change in fundamentals or a strong enough strategy to combat Best Buy's several pressing threats. Steve Coulombe's experience with Big Box retailers is that their management never "does anything dramatic enough to turn the business around" and that it will "take a bankruptcy to fix Best Buy."
- There is not a great product demand cycle on the horizon. Best Buy will be very reliant on back-to-school sales.
- Moreover, the tremendous shift in media to online, easily downloadable forms has driven down Best Buy media sales. There has been tremendous sales decline in several key categories including DVDs, CDs, and videogames. The latter is due to the extremely long product cycle of videogame consuls. Similarly, analysts I have spoken with believe that the new consuls (skeptically believed to be released this year) will lose many casual gamers, as they would prefer to simply download games as applications, rather than buying new consuls and new physical games. Furthermore, compared to 8-10 years ago, there are and will be a continued decline in camera, phone, and GPS sales as these products have been consolidated into cheaper and cheaper smartphones.
- Consumer electronics have been so commoditized and branded that there has been a profound shift in buying habits towards online purchases. The aforementioned anonymous analyst believes that consumer electronics are the "retail category most susceptible to ecommerce." Moreover, because online retailors can avoid sales tax, the prices online are often lower than they are at Best Buy stores. Finally, it is simply more convenient to order products online from the comfort of one's home.
- "Showrooming" is a retail phenomenon that has caught some media attention in the last year. This entails consumers going to traditional brick-and-mortar vendors simply to try out and test products, but then return home to buy the very same products online, conceivably for a more competitive price. Some believe that this phenomenon has been blown out of proportion. However, consumer electronics is the industry that is the most susceptible. This is because, according to Tilghman, "consumers are much more confortable buying these products site unseen." Simply, they do not need to go into a traditional store to test out products as much as one would with another kind of product, say a sporting good or home improvement item.
- Best Buy faces increasing cost-related problems. It is very hard to compete with online retailers who do not have any costs

associated with big-box retailers. The fundamental cost problem is related to real estate. They have too many stores and their stores are too big, according to Steve Coulumbe. Moreover, as media sales declined, Best Buy has been trying to fill their stores with products that do not sell as well. Best Buy cannot simply close stores because they are completely integrated with Best Buy's strategy and competitive advantage. They also do are required to finish their lease agreements and do not have the capital to negotiate shorter lease terms. Moreover, it is often overlooked that huge cost drivers like rent and employee salaries are essentially connected to sales. Decreasing costs will inevitably decrease sales. It is very doubtful that Best Buy could recapture lost sales online.

#### Misperception

- The misperception that showrooming is an overblown phenomenon or even that showrooming is an advantage: consumers will use Best Buy's physical stores to test out products, and then shop for them online. This model works with companies such as Apple and Warby Parker as they are selling their own products, not vending products from other producers. There is nothing to stop a customer from testing a tablet at Best Buy and then buying it for a more competitive price from an online retailer like Amazon.
- The misperception that financial fundamentals do not matter as Best Buy's new management will be able to implement transformative strategy.
- The misperception that the combined store/online model will be able to compete with online-only retailers by providing certain features only available at physical locations like same-day pickup, returns, and the ability to test products.
- The misperception of Best Buy's unique ability to sell the "latest and greatest" products. The reality is, a consumer can get almost any product online if he/she choses.

#### VAR

- Scott Tilghman, Senior Analyst at B. Riley & Co. covers Best Buy personally
- Analyst, Janey Montgomery Scott covers Best Buy personally
- Analyst at a prominent Swiss Bank covers Best Buy personally
- Steve Cuolombe, Senior Managing Director at FTI Consulting expert in restructuring and finance, and particular experience with Best Buy (worked very closely with former owner Brad Anderson), Circuit City, and Borders

# Risks / What Signs Would Indicate We Are Wrong?

- Best Buy maintains great brand awareness, market presence, and familiarity. Moreover, they truly do carry the widest variety of consumer electronics of all compatible retailers. They present a challenge to their competitors with their broad lineup, brand standard. This could continue to maintain Best Buy's performance.
- Best Buy has started to implement increasingly competitive pricing. If they can maintain lower, or at least as low of prices as online retailers, they may be able to compete.
- It will be interesting to see whether consumers really do need face-to-face sales assistance in the consumer electronic sector. Trends seem to say no, but the increase in complicated technologies and competition from electronics producers may influence this debate. Moreover, some believe that there is still an advantage of being able to interact with certain electronic products in the store.
- As economic worries over the perceived "Fiscal Cliff" dwindle, there is a potential upside in consumer electronic sales.
- Best Buy's recently hired upper management, including the new CEO Hubart Jolly and CFO Sharon McCollam, has a good track
  record at similar brick-and-mortar vendors. If they can properly execute an innovative strategy, stock has potential to rise. For
  example, the new management has announced plans to leverage Best Buy's loyalty program users, which happen to be the
  most numerous of any company in the industry. Best Buy might be able to drive sales by "suggesting" accessories to users who
  have recently purchased combatable products.
- Some states have begun to initiate online sales taxes, which could conceivably slow down the transition from traditional sales to online sales. Similarly, some companies have begun to set specific prices that their products must be sold for, which would make Best Buy's prices necessarily equal to any competitors. However, I doubt that this model will really take hold.
- The recently announced "Samsung Experience Shops", which will be very similar to Apple Stores except located inside Best Buy locations, could drive increased sales for Samsung products. There is also the potential for a similar model with other technology companies.

# Signposts / Follow-Up

- Key financial fundamentals (Q1 2014 earnings release on May 21, 2013)
- End of Summer sales relating to back-to-school
- Best Buy's online versus traditional sales
- Samsung Experience Shop sales
- Number of physical locations closed
- Perceived effectiveness of new management

#### **Company Description**

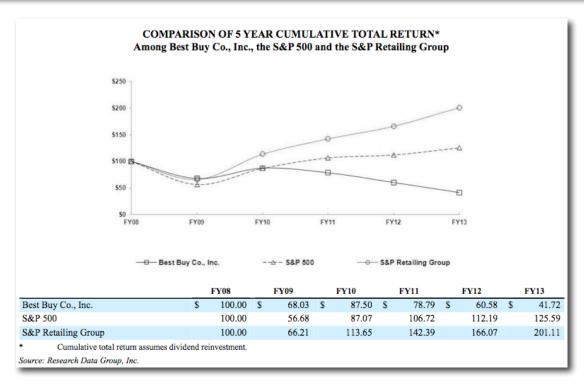
BBY is a multi-national, e-commerce and physical retailer of consumer electronics, including mobile phones, tablets and computers, large and small appliances, televisions, digital imaging, entertainment products and related accessories. BBY offers technology services – including support, repair, troubleshooting and installation – under the Geek Squad brand. BBY operates online retail operations, retail stores and call centers and conduct

- Product offerings and prices of competitors
- Spread of online sales taxes

operations. (Best Buy 10K)

#### Page of Exhibit(s)





### **Segment Information**

	11-Month	12-M	lonth
	2013	2012	2011
Revenue			
Domestic	\$ 33,343	\$ 37,615	\$ 37,070
International	11,742	13,090	12,677
Total revenue	\$ 45,085	\$ 50,705	\$ 49,747
Percentage of revenue, by revenue category			
Domestic:			
Consumer Electronics	33%	36%	37%
Computing and Mobile Phones	44%	40%	37%
Entertainment	10%	12%	14%
Appliances	6%	5%	5%
Services	6%	6%	6%
Other	1%	1%	1%
Total	100%	100%	100%
International:			
Consumer Electronics	18%	20%	20%
Computing and Mobile Phones	61%	56%	55%
Entertainment	4%	5%	6%

	11-Month 2013 <sup>(1)(2)</sup>						
Fiscal Year			2012(1)(3)	2011(4)		2010 <sup>(5)</sup>	2009(6)(7)
Consolidated Statements of Earnings Data							
Revenue	\$ 45,085	\$	50,705	\$ 49,747	\$	49,243	\$ 44,737
Operating income (loss)	(125)		1,085	2,374		2,368	2,014
Net earnings (loss) from continuing operations	(421)		330	1,554		1,495	1,150
Gain (loss) from discontinued operations	1		(308)	(188)		(101)	(117)
Net earnings (loss) including noncontrolling interests	(420)		22	1,366		1,394	1,033
Net earnings (loss) attributable to Best Buy Co., Inc. shareholders	(441)		(1,231)	1,277		1,317	1,003
Per Share Data							
Net earnings (loss) from continuing operations	\$ (1.31)	\$	(2.89)	\$ 3.44	\$	3.29	\$ 2.66
Net gain (loss) from discontinued operations	0.01		(0.47)	(0.36)		(0.19)	(0.27)
Net earnings (loss)	(1.30)		(3.36)	3.08		3.10	2.39
Cash dividends declared and paid	0.66		0.62	0.58		0.56	0.54
Common stock price:							
High	27.95		33.22	48.83		45.55	48.03
Low	11.20		21.79	30.90		23.97	16.42
Operating Statistics							
Comparable store sales gain (decline)(8)	(2.9)	%	(1.7)%	(1.8)%	6	0.6%	(1.3)%
Gross profit rate	23.6 9	%	24.8 %	25.2 %	6	24.5%	24.4 %
Selling, general and administrative expenses rate	21.1 9	%	20.2 %	20.2 %	6	19.5%	19.7 %
Operating income (loss) rate	(0.3)	%	2.1 %	4.8 %	6	4.8%	4.5 %
Year-End Data							
Current ratio <sup>(9)</sup>	1.1		1.2	1.2		1.2	1.0
Total assets	\$ 16,787	\$	16,005	\$ 17,849	\$	18,302	\$ 15,826
Debt, including current portion	2,296		2,208	1,709		1,802	1,963
Total equity(10)	3,715		4,366	7,292		6,964	5,156
Number of stores							
Domestic	1,503		1,447	1,317		1,190	1,107
International	2,876		2,861	2,756		2,746	2,745
Total	4,379		4,308	4,073		3,936	3,852
Retail square footage (000s)							
Domestic	42,232		43,785	43,660		42,480	40,924
International	15,049		15,852	13,848		13,295	13,000
Total	57,281		59,637	57,508		55,775	53,924

		12-Month					
Consolidated Performance Summary		2013	2012		2012		2011
			(recast)				
Revenue	S 4	5,085	\$ 46,064	\$	50,705	\$	49,747
Revenue gain (decline) %		(2.1)%	n/a		1.9 %		1.0 %
Comparable store sales % decline		(2.9)%	(1.6)%		(1.7)%		(1.8)%
Gross profit	S 1	0,649	\$ 11,352	\$	12,573	\$	12,541
Gross profit as a % of revenue(1)		23.6 %	24.6 %		24.8 %		25.2 %
SG&A	\$	9,502	\$ 9,339	\$	10,242	\$	10,029
SG&A as a % of revenue <sup>(1)</sup>		21.1 %	20.3 %		20.2 %		20.2 %
Restructuring charges	S	450	\$ 34	\$	39	\$	138

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EST BUY														
est Buy Co., Inc.														
ontinuing Operations Store Count and F	uare Foo	tage												
	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	iscal Year 2006	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001	2000	199
umber of Stores	2012	2011	2010	2003	2000	2007	2000	2003	2004	2003	2002	2001	2000	100
U.S. Best Buy Stores(1)	1.103	1.099	1.069	1.023	923	822	742	668	608	548	481	419	357	3
Magnolia Audio Video Stores	5	6	6	6	13	20	20	20	22	19	13	13	-	,
Pacific Sales Kitchen and Bath Centers	34	35	35	34	19	14								
U.S. Geek Squad Stand Alone Stores	-	-	6	6	7	12	12	6	1					
Best Buy Mobile Stand Alone Stores	305	177	74	38	9	5		·	- 1					
Subtotal - Domestic Segment	1,447	1,317	1.190	1.107	971	873	774	694	631	567	494	432	357	
Future Shop Stores	149	146	144	139	131	121	118	114	108	104	95	,,,,	001	
Canada Best Buy Stores	77	71	64	58	51	47	44	30	19	8	90			
Best Buy Europe - Small Box	2.393	2.357	2.371	2.380	51	47		30	19	0				
Five Star Stores	2,393	166	158	164	160	135								
Best Buy Mobile Canada	30	10	4	3	100	133								
Mexico Best Buy Stores	8	6	5	1	_	_	-	-			_		-	
Best Buy Mexico Express		0	3		-	_	-	-					-	
Canada Geek Squad Stand Alone Stores	-	-	-	_	-	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Subtotal - International Segment	2.861	2.756	2.746	2.745	342	303	167	144	127	112	95			
Total - Continuing Operations	4,308	4.073	3,936	3,852	1,313	1,176	941	838	758	679	589	432	357	
	4,300	4,073	3,330	3,002	1,010	1,170	341	030	100	0/9	303	402	งอเ	
<sup>1</sup> U.S. Best Buy Stores by Box-Size														
20,000	81	82	79	74	67	56	47	34	7	2	-	-	-	
28,000	4	4	4	4	4	7	8	11	13	16	20	25	30	
30,000	428	425	405	375	293	225	174	123	103	70	38	19	9	
36,000	31	25	22	19	22	24	27	28	30	31	32	34	36	
45,000	516	518	514	506	492	465	439	425	407	379	339	289	230	
58,000	43	45	45	45	45	45	47	47	48	50	52	52	52	
Total - U.S. Best Buy Stores	1,103	1,099	1,069	1,023	923	822	742	668	608	548	481	419	357	
tal Retail Square Footage (000s)(1)														
U.S. Best Buy Stores	42,413	42,388	41.334	39,856	36,686	33,319	30,610	28,260	26,421	24,243	21,599	19,010	16,205	14.
Magnolia Audio Video Stores	68	78	78	78	151	242	242	242	277	238	168	168	,	,
Pacific Sales Kitchen and Bath Centers	876	944	944	917	647	502								
U.S. Geek Squad Stand Alone Stores			12	12	14	22	22	11	1					
Best Buy Mobile Stand Alone Stores	428	250	112	61	13	-8								
Subtotal - Domestic Segment	43,785	43,660	42,480	40.924	37,511	34,092	30,874	28,513	26,699	24,481	21,767	19,178	16,205	14.
Future Shop Stores	3.944	3.864	3,818	3,713	3,485	3,223	3,168	3.048	2.910	2.782	2.468			
Canada Best Buy Stores	2,432	2.250	2.049	1.887	1,694	1.571	1,475	1.009	677	221	2,400			
Best Buy Europe - Small Box	1,499	1,463	1,438	1,430	1,00-1	1,071	1,473	1,000	017					
Five Star Stores	7.539	5.931	5,718	5.892	5,808	4.542								
Best Buy Mobile Canada	31	13	7	6	0,000	1,042								
Mexico Best Buy Stores	407	327	265	72										
	407	02/	200	12										
										_		_		
Best Buy Mexico Express		_	_		_	_	Q	_	_		_	_	_	
	15.852	13,848	13,295	13,000	10,987	9,336	9 4.652	4.057	3,588	3.003	2,468	-	-	

# **Ideas For the Club**

- More friendly to new members
  - o Brief lectures at the beginnings of meetings by finance professors on financial basics
  - Optional 30 min classes of the same nature outside of meetings
  - Older members should be assigned to new members as designated advisors
- Increased recruitment
  - Increase presence of MII both inside and outside of McIntire
  - o Take members in both fall and spring
  - o Advertise the club
- Speaker series
  - o Speakers in the finance world during meetings
  - o Video-chats with speakers who cannot make it to UVA
  - o Less for recruiting, more for education
  - o Investors in interesting niche markets
  - Other ways to apply finance than investing
- Social Events

- o Food at meetings
- o Associate team dinners
- o Hangouts after meetings (cigars, drinks, etc.)
- General points
  - o Better transparency and relationship between managers and members
  - o Shorter pitches, more questions