

Parallel Computing with MATLAB

Scott Benway Senior Account Manager

Jiro Doke, Ph.D. Senior Application Engineer





Acceleration Strategies Applied in MATLAB

Approach	Options
Best coding practices	Preallocation, vectorization, profiling ("Speeding Up MATLAB Applications")
More hardware	More Processors, Cores, or GPUs (MATLAB Parallel Computing Tools)





Agenda

- Introduction to parallel computing tools
- Using multicore/multi-processor computers
- Using graphics processing units (GPUs)
- Scaling up to a cluster



Using More Hardware

- Built-in multithreading
 - Automatically enabled in MATLAB since R2008a
 - Multiple threads in a single MATLAB computation engine <u>www.mathworks.com/discovery/multicore-matlab.html</u>

- Parallel Computing using explicit techniques
 - Multiple computation engines controlled by a single session
 - Perform MATLAB Computations on GPUs
 - High-level constructs to let you parallelize MATLAB applications



Going Beyond Serial MATLAB Applications





Parallel Computing Toolbox for the Desktop



- Speed up parallel applications
- Take advantage of GPUs
- Prototype code for your cluster



Scale Up to Clusters and Clouds





Agenda

- Introduction to parallel computing tools
- Using multicore/multi-processor computers
- Using graphics processing units (GPUs)
- Scaling up to a cluster



Programming Parallel Applications (CPU)





Example: Optimizing Cell Tower Position Built-in parallel support

- With Parallel Computing Toolbox use built-in parallel algorithms in Optimization Toolbox
- Run optimization in parallel
- Use pool of MATLAB workers











Tools Providing Parallel Computing Support

- Optimization Toolbox, Global Optimization Toolbox
- Statistics Toolbox
- Signal Processing Toolbox
- Neural Network Toolbox
- Image Processing Toolbox



Directly leverage functions in Parallel Computing Toolbox

www.mathworks.com/builtin-parallel-support



Programming Parallel Applications (CPU)



- Built-in support with Toolboxes
- Simple programming constructs:
 parfor, batch, distributed



Independent Tasks or Iterations

- Ideal problem for parallel computing
- No dependencies or communications between tasks
- Examples: parameter sweeps, Monte Carlo simulations



blogs.mathworks.com/loren/2009/10/02/using-parfor-loops-getting-up-and-running/



Example: Parameter Sweep of ODEs Parallel for-loops

- Parameter sweep of ODE system
 - Damped spring oscillator
 - Sweep through different values of damping and stiffness
 - Record peak value for each simulation
- Convert for to parfor
- Use pool of MATLAB workers









Programming Parallel Applications (CPU)



- Built-in support with Toolboxes
- Simple programming constructs: parfor, batch, distributed
- Advanced programming constructs: createJob, labSend, spmd



Agenda

- Introduction to parallel computing tools
- Using multicore/multi-processor computers
- Using graphics processing units (GPUs)
- Scaling up to a cluster



What is a Graphics Processing Unit (GPU)

- Originally for graphics acceleration, now also used for scientific calculations
- Massively parallel array of integer and floating point processors
 - Typically hundreds of processors per card
 - GPU cores complement CPU cores
- Dedicated high-speed memory



* Parallel Computing Toolbox requires NVIDIA GPUs with Compute Capability 1.3 or higher, including NVIDIA Tesla 20-series products. See a complete listing at <u>www.nvidia.com/object/cuda_gpus.html</u>



Performance Gain with More Hardware





Programming Parallel Applications (GPU)

- Built-in support with Toolboxes
- Simple programming constructs: gpuArray, gather
- Advanced programming constructs: arrayfun, bsxfun, spmd
- Interface for experts:
 CUDAKernel, MEX support

Ease of Use



Example: Solving 2D Wave Equation GPU Computing





Intel Xeon Processor W3690 (3.47GHz), NVIDIA Tesla K20 GPU



Agenda

- Introduction to parallel computing tools
- Using multicore/multi-processor computers
- Using graphics processing units (GPUs)
- Scaling up to a cluster



Example: Migrate from Desktop to Cloud

 Change hardware without changing algorithmic code







Use MATLAB Distributed Computing Server



1. Prototype code



Use MATLAB Distributed Computing Server



- 1. Prototype code
- 2. Get access to an enabled cluster



Use MATLAB Distributed Computing Server



- 1. Prototype code
- 2. Get access to an enabled cluster
- Switch cluster profile to run on cluster resources



Take Advantage of Cluster Hardware

- Offload computation:
 - Free up desktop
 - Access better computers
- Scale speed-up:
 - Use more cores
 - Go from hours to minutes
- Scale memory:
 - Utilize distributed arrays
 - Solve larger problems without re-coding algorithms





Offloading Computations

- Send desktop code to cluster resources
 - No parallelism required within code
 - Submit directly from MATLAB
- Leverage supplied infrastructure
 - File transfer / path augmentation
 - Job monitoring
 - Simplified retrieval of results
- Scale offloaded computations





Offload Computations with batch





Offload and Scale Computations with batch





Example: Parameter Sweep of ODEs

Offload and Scale Processing

- Offload processing to workers:
 batch
- Scale offloaded processing:
 batch (..., 'Pool',...)
- Retrieve results from job:
 fetchOutputs



00000





Benchmark: Parameter Sweep of ODEs

Scaling case study for a fixed problem size with a cluster

Workers	Computation (minutes)	Speed-up
1	173	1
16	13	13
32	6.4	27
64	3.2	55
96	2.1	83
128	1.6	109
160	1.3	134
192	1.1	158

Processor: Intel Xeon E5-2670 16 cores per node





Distributing Large Data



Lives on the Workers



Investigation: Distributed Calculations

Effect of number of computers on execution time

	Time (s)			
N	1 node, multi- threaded	Distributed		
		2 nodes, 32W	4 nodes, 64W	
4000	2	3	3	
8000	16	14	12	
16000	126	102	67	
20000	244	187	118	
32000	-	664	394	
40000	-	-	710	

Processor: Intel Xeon E5-2670 16 cores, 60 GB RAM per compute node 10 Gigabit Ethernet





MATLAB Distributed Computing Server

- Extension of desktop parallel computing
- Pre-built framework and infrastructure
- Simplified license and maintenance





Dynamic Licensing Model

- Users have access to their licensed products
- Server does not check out any licenses on the client
- User can exit MATLAB once the job is queued





Job Schedulers

Ease of Use

MathWorks Job Scheduler

 Direct support for specific schedulers (Platform LSF, Microsoft HPCS, PBS)

Open API to support other schedulers



Summary

- Easily develop parallel MATLAB applications without being a parallel programming expert
- Speed up the execution of your MATLAB applications using additional hardware
- Develop parallel applications on your desktop and easily scale to a cluster when needed



For more information

Visit

http://www.mathworks.com/products/parallel-computing

© 2013 The MathWorks, Inc. MATLAB and Simulink are registered trademarks of The MathWorks, Inc. See <u>www.mathworks.com/trademarks</u> for a list of additional trademarks. Other product or brand names may be trademarks or registered trademarks of their respective holders.